Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision Date: 10/27/2016 Date of issue: 03/23/2016

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION 1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: CFF HSHT Fiberglass Filament - BETA Synonyms: HSHT Fiberglass

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the substance/mixture: MarkForged 3D printing material

Not intended for: Internal use, food contact applications, medical use or use in medical devices

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

MarkForged, Inc 10 Fawcett Street, Suite 1 Cambridge, MA 02138 T: 844-700-1035

www.markforged.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number Hours of Availability : 844-700-1035 : 9:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M. EST

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture Classification (GHS-US)

Not classified

2.2. Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

No labeling applicable

2.3. Other Hazards

Fiberglass is known by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) via inhalation of respirable dust/fibers. Continuous Filament Fiber Glass is classified by IARC as not classifiable as a human carcinogen (Group 3). Under normal conditions of use, this product is not expected to produce respirable fiberglass/glass oxide fibers, and is therefore not classified as a carcinogen. If product is altered and dust is formed, proper precautions should be taken to ensure material is not respirated (see Section 8 for OEL's). There is the risk of thermal burns on contact with hot or molten material. Irritating fumes may be given off during processing or normal conditions of use ensure adequate ventilation. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Version: 1.1

Product contains ingredients that are combustible dusts. Under normal conditions of use, this product is not expected to generate dust, however, if dust is generated take appropriate precautions for a combustible dust hazard - do not generate dust during clean-up, use non-sparking tools, ensure adequate ventilation, utilize dust suppressants if necessary, do not allow dust to accumulate in the workplace, keep away from sources of ignition.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Fiberglass ⁺	(CAS No) Proprietary	*	Carc. 1B, H350
Nylon	(CAS No) Proprietary	*	Comb. Dust, H232
Caprolactam	(CAS No) Proprietary	*	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret within the meaning of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard [29 CFR 1910.1200].

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⁺ Fiberglass is known by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) via inhalation of respirable dust/fibers. Continuous Filament Fiber Glass is classified by IARC as not classifiable as a human carcinogen (Group 3). This product is not expected to produce respirable particles under normal conditions of use, and is therefore not classified as a carcinogen overall.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for several minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Not expected to present a significant inhalation hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. Repeated or prolonged exposure to dust particles may result in fibrosis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects. Gastrointestinal discomfort and irritation. **Chronic Symptoms:** None known.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive. Contains substances that are combustible dusts. If dust is allowed to accumulate, may form combustible dust concentrations in air that could ignite and cause an explosion. Take appropriate precautions. **Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Other Information:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust or fibers.

6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. This material will sink and disperse along the bottoms of waterways, once in water it is not easily removed, however is non-hazardous to the aquatic environment.

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6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and CleaningUp

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust or fibers. Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Products: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

MarkForged 3D printing material

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Caprolactam	(Proprietary)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction and vapor)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³ (dust) 1 mg/m³ (vapor)	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	0.22 ppm (vapor)	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (dust) 3 mg/m ³ (vapor)	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	0.66 ppm (vapor)	
Fiberglass (P	roprietary)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	3 fibers/cm³ (fibers ≤3.5 μm in diameter & ≥10μm in length), TWA 5mg/m3 (total)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m ³ total dust, 5 mg/m3, respirable fraction 8 hr	

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Maintain sufficient mechanical or natural ventilation to assure concentrations remain below PEL/TLV. Use local exhaust if necessary. Power equipment should be equipped with properly designed dust collection devices if necessary. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

: Not generally required. The use of personal protective equipment may be necessary as conditions warrant. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



- : Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
- : Wear protective gloves.
- : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
- : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment

Materials for Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye Protection Skin and Body Protection

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Respiratory Protection	: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.		
Thermal Hazard Protection	: When working with hot material, use suitable thermally protective clothing.		
SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMIC	CALPROPERTIES		
9.1. Information on Basic Physica	l and Chemical Properties		
Physical State	: Solid		
Appearance	: Off white		
Odor	: No data available		
Odor Threshold	: No data available		
рН	: No data available		
Evaporation Rate	: No data available		
Melting Point	: No data available		
Freezing Point	: No data available		
Boiling Point	: No data available		
Flash Point	: No data available		
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available		
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available		
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available		
Vapor Pressure	: No data available		
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: No data available		
Relative Density	: No data available		
Solubility	: No data available		
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available		
Viscosity	: No data available		

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen

oxides. Ketones. Ammonia. Hydrogen cyanide. Aliphaticamines.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Caprolactam (Proprietary)		
LD50 Oral Rat	1210 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	1438 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	8.16 mg/l/4h	
ATE (Gases)	4,500.00 ppmV/4h	
ATE (Dust/Mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h	
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified		
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified		
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not		
classified Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not		
classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified.		
Nylon (Proprietary)		
IARC group	3	
Caprolactam (Proprietary)		
IARC group	4	

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Fiberglass (Proprietary)	
IARC group	2B
Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exp	oosure): Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated	
Aspiration Hazard: Not classified	
	expected to present a significant inhalation hazard under anticipated conditions of
	sure to dust particles may result in fibrosis (Pneumoconiosis).
	rolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: M	
	stion may cause adverse effects. Gastrointestinal irritation.
Chronic Symptoms: None known.	
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORM	ATION
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - General	: Not classified.
Caprolactam (Proprietary)	
LC50 Fish 1	930 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 500 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna Straus)
LC 50 Fish 2	1400 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	828 - 2920 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
12.2. Persistence and Degradabilit	
CFF HSHT Fiberglass Filament	1
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
CFF HSHT Fiberglass Filament Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Caprolactam (Proprietary)	
BCF fish 1	<1
Log Pow	-0.02
12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional i	nformation available
12.5. Other Adverse Effects	
Other Information	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERA	ATIONS
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
	ose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and internationa
regulations.	
Ecology – Waste Materials: Avoid unnec	essary release into environment
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORM	
	lot regulated for transport
	lot regulated for transport
14.3. In Accordance with IATA	lot regulated for transport
SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORM	/ATION
15.1 US Federal Regulations	
Nylon (Proprietary)	ubstances Control Act) inventory
Nylon (Proprietary) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic S	
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U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LASTREVISION

Revision Date Other Information : 08/06/2015

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H232	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as quaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)